

## BOB ICB and Frimley ICB Priorities Committee Clinical Commissioning Policy Statement

Policy Number/ Name	BOBFPC39 Severe and Complex Obesity: Eligibility for Bariatric Surgery
Date of BOB ICB Adoption	February 2024

Bariatric surgery is a treatment for appropriate, selected patients with severe and complex obesity that has not responded to any other non-invasive therapies.

Bariatric Surgery will only be considered as a treatment option for people with obesity providing all of the following criteria are fulfilled:

- The individual has a BMI of 40kg/m<sup>2</sup> or more, or between 35 kg/m<sup>2</sup> and 40kg/m<sup>2</sup> in the presence of other significant diseases.
- There must be formalised MDT (multidisciplinary team) led processes for the screening of co-morbidities and the detection of other significant diseases. These should include identification, diagnosis, severity/complexity assessment, risk stratification/scoring and appropriate specialist referral for medical management. Such medical evaluation is mandatory prior to entering a surgical pathway.
- The individual has recently received and complied for a duration of 12-24 months with a local specialist obesity service weight loss programme (non-surgical Tier 3 / 4), described as follows:

For patients with BMI > 50 attending a specialist bariatric service, this period may include the stabilisation and assessment period prior to bariatric surgery. The minimum acceptable period is six months. The specialist obesity weight loss programme and MDT should be decided locally. This will be led by a professional with a specialist interest in obesity and include a physician, specialist dietician, nurse, psychologist and physical exercise therapist, all of whom must also have a specialist interest in obesity. There are different models of local MDT structure.

Important features are the multidisciplinary, structured and organised approach, lead professional, assessment of evidence that all suitable non-invasive options have been explored and trialled and individualised patient focus and targets. In addition to offering a programme of care the service will select and refer appropriate patients for consideration for bariatric surgery.

- Plastic surgery correction of redundant skin following weight loss is not normally funded from NHS resources, except in exceptional clinical circumstances.

NOTES:

- Potentially exceptional circumstances may be considered by a patient's ICB where there is evidence of significant health status impairment (e.g. inability to perform activities of daily living) and there is evidence that the intervention sought would improve the individual's health status.
- This policy was developed and recommended by Thames Valley Priorities Committee which was the predecessor of Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire, and Berkshire West ICB and Frimley ICB Priorities Committee.
- This policy will be reviewed in the light of new evidence or new national guidance, e.g., from NICE.
- BOBFPC clinical policies can be viewed at [Clinical Commissioning Policy Statements & IFRs | BOB ICB](#)

<b>Recommendation made by TVPC</b>	January 2016 Updated May 2021
<b>Date adopted and issued by OCCG</b>	September 2021