

## NHS Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire and Berkshire West Integrated Care Board

| Policy            | Records Management Policy |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
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#### **Document Control**

#### **Reviewers and Approvals**

This document requires the following reviews and approvals:

| Name                                  | Version  | Date Approved  |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------------|
|                                       | Approved |                |
| Information Governance Steering Group | 1.0      | September 2022 |
| Audit and Risk Committee Committee    | 1.0      | October 2022   |
|                                       |          |                |

**Revision History** 

| Version | Revision<br>Date | Details of Changes | Author |
|---------|------------------|--------------------|--------|
|         |                  |                    |        |
|         |                  |                    |        |
|         |                  |                    |        |

Links or Overlaps with Other Key Documents and Policies

| Document little  |                 |
|--|-----------------|
| Information Governance Policy and Framework Information Gove | rnance and Data |
| Protection Policies   BOB ICB                                |                 |

Information Governance Handbook <u>Information Governance and Data Protection</u> <u>Policies | BOB ICB</u>

Business Continuity and Framework Policy <u>Information Governance and Data</u> Protection Policies | BOB ICB

**Acknowledgement of External Sources** 

| Title / Author            | Institution   | Link                |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Title / Autiloi           | mstitution    | LIIIN               |
| Information               | Information   | https://ico.org.uk/ |
| Commissioners Office      | Commissioners |                     |
| (Data Protection Act 2018 | Office        |                     |
| and UK General Data       |               |                     |
| Protection Regulation)    |               |                     |

| National Archives (Public Records) | HM<br>Government | www.nationalarchives.gov.uk |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| ,                                  |                  |                             |

| Data Security and<br>Protection Toolkit                       |                  | https://www.dsptoolkit.nhs.uk  |
|---|------------------|--|
| NHS England (Document and Records Management Policy Final V3) | NHS England      | https://www.england.nhs.uk/  |
| Records Management<br>Code of Practice 2021                   | NHS Digital      | https://digital.nhs.uk/data-and-information/looking-after-information/data-security-and-information-governance/codes-of-practice-for-handling-information-in-health-and-care/records-management-code-of-practice-for-health-and-social-care-2016 |
| Government Security Classifications April 2014                | HM<br>Government | https://www.gov.uk/government/public<br>ations/government-security-<br>classifications   |

#### Freedom of Information

If requested, this document may be made available to the public and persons outside the healthcare community as part of BOB ICB's commitment to transparency and compliance with the Freedom of Information Act.

#### **Equality Analysis**

The BOB ICB's aim to design and implement services, policies and measures that are fair and equitable. As part of the development of this policy its impact on staff, patients and the public have been reviewed in line with BOB ICB's legal equality duties.

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

This policy sets out how Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire and Berkshire West Integrated Care Board (herein after referred to as 'BOB ICB') will approach the management of their records. This policy is part of a Records Management Framework that includes additional procedure, guidance, training, audit and strategy. Our records framework fits into the wider context of Information Governance.

All NHS records (including email and electronic documents) are public records under the terms of the Public Records Act 1958 sections 3(1)-(2), and must be kept in accordance with the following statutory and NHS guidelines:

- The Public Records Act 1958 and 1967
- The UK General Data Protection Regulations 2018
- The Data Protection Act 2018
- The Freedom of Information Act 2000
- Records Management Code of Practice for Health and Social Care 2016
- The Common Law Duty of Confidentiality
- Confidentiality: NHS Code of Practice
- NHS Information Governance: Guidance on Legal and Professional Obligations

Guidance on the management of NHS records is provided by the Department of Health.

The Records Management: NHS code of Practice 2021 which sets out a schedule of minimum retention periods for many types of record and is based on legal requirements and professional best practice.

#### 2. SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS

This policy covers all BOB ICB's business areas and all information, irrelevant of the media being used to store the information. Corporate records in all formats (paper and electronic), active and inactive, held for use in the organisation, including:

Administrative (e.g. corporate, provider services, contracts and commissioning, personnel, estates, finance and accounting, customer services and litigation) including e-mails, other communication tools and text messages

Records management is the process by which an organisation manages all the aspects of records and information, from their creation through to their eventual disposal (Records Lifecycle). The aim of the policy is to ensure:

- Accountability Records are adequate to account fully and transparently for all business actions and decisions, in particular to:
  - o protect legal and other rights of staff or those affected by those actions;
  - o facilitate audit or examination;
  - o provide credible and authoritative evidence.

- Accessibility Records can be located when needed and only those with a legitimate right can access the records and the information within them is displayed in a way consistent with its initial use, and the current version is identified where multiple versions exist.
- Interpretation The context of the record can be interpreted i.e. identification of staff who created or added to the record and when, during which business process, and where appropriate, how the record is related to other records.
- Quality Records can be trusted are complete and accurate and reliably represent the information that was actually used in, or created by, the business process, and its integrity and authenticity can be demonstrated.
- Maintenance through time so that the qualities of availability, accessibility, interpretation and trustworthiness can be maintained for as long as the record is needed, perhaps permanently, despite changes of format.
- Security Records are secure from unauthorised or inadvertent alteration or erasure, access and disclosure are properly controlled and there are audit trails to track all use and changes in order to ensure that records are held in a robust format which remains readable for as long as records are required.
- Retention and disposal Records are retained and disposed of appropriately, using consistent and documented retention and disposal procedures, which include provision for appraisal and the permanent preservation of records with archival value. The British Security Industry Association standard (BSIA) EN15713:2009 - Secure Destruction of Confidential Material must be adhered to when destroying confidential information.
- **Staff are trained** so that all staff are made aware of their responsibilities regarding records management.

#### 3. PROCESSES/REQUIREMENTS

Records are the BOB ICB's corporate memory, providing evidence to actions and decisions and representing a vital asset to support daily functions and operations. Records support policy formation and managerial decision-making and protect the interests of the BOB ICB. They support consistency, continuity, efficiency and productivity and help deliver services in consistent and equitable ways.

The BOB ICB operates within an Information Governance compliance environment. Failure to meet any relevant requirement could result in official sanction, reputation damage and even limits on what data and services we could provide as a business. The BOB ICB must be compliant with the NHS

Information Governance Toolkit Data Security and Protection Toolkit (DSPT) and Records Management Code of Practice 2021.

The organisational benefits from good records management are:

- control and availability of valuable information assets
- efficient use of staff time
- · compliance with legislation and standards
- good utilisation of storage and server space
- a reduction in costs
- support the day-to-day business that underpins the delivery of a high quality service to our customers
- maintain the integrity of the records
- meet legal requirements
- monitoring and audit cycles

The BOB ICBs will establish and maintain policies to ensure compliance with the Records Management Code of Practice 2021.

#### 3.1 Records Management - Components and Principles

The International Organisation for Standardisation (ISO) 15489-1:2016 Information and documentation - Records management Records Lifecycle – defines a record as 'information created, received, and maintained as evidence and information by an organisation or person, in pursuance of legal obligations or in the transaction of businesses. (Source: Records Management Code of Practice 2021).

|                       | Records Life Cycle   |  |  |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Lifecycle<br>Stage    | Description  |  |  |
| 1. Planning           | At a corporate level we shall develop and implement policy, procedures and functionality to deliver compliant records management strategy Our Directorates shall ensure they have identified key records that must be captured as a result of their activities and that these are managed following policy.                      |  |  |
| 2. Creation & receipt | This is where a record is created and saved. We shall ensure that our records are properly captured into approved filing systems, that they are protected from unauthorised access or change, are assigned the correct data classifications and are named following an agreed standard.  |  |  |
| 4.<br>Retention       | We shall retain non-current and superseded records in our filing system to support ongoing business needs and compliance requirements. Our disposal schedules shall govern how long records are retained. Retained records shall continue to be protected and accessible, with storage facilities meeting appropriate standards. |  |  |
| 5. Disposal           | Our records shall not be retained indefinitely. At the end of the agreed retention periods, records shall be disposed of and an appropriate record maintained. In most cases this will mean controlled   |  |  |

destruction; a small percentage of records may be flagged for permanent retention and will be passed to the appropriate place of deposit (POD).

#### 3.2 UK General Data Protection Regulations 2018 (UK GDPR)

Under the UK General Data Protection Regulations 2018 (UK GDPR) the definition of 'data concerning health' is 'personal data related to the physical or mental health of a natural person, including the provision of health care services, which reveal information about his or her health status' (Article 4(15)

'Personal Data' is defined as: 'any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person ('data subject'); an identifiable natural person is one who can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, location data, an online identifier or to one or more factors specific to the physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity of that natural person' (Article 4(1))

**Business/Commercial information**, including that subject to statutory or regulatory obligations, which may be damaging to the BOB ICB or a commercial partner if improperly accessed or shared. Also as defined in the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and the Environmental Information Regulations 2004.

There are various UK GDPR definitions relating to the management of information and records in a health environment. For example, under Article 4;

- 'processing' means any operation or set of operations which is performed on personal data or on sets of personal data, whether or not by automated means, such as collection, recording, organisation, structuring, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, restriction, erasure or destruction;
- 'restriction of processing' means the marking of stored personal data with the aim of limiting their processing in the future;
- 'filing system' means any structured set of personal data which are accessible according to specific criteria, whether centralised, decentralised or dispersed on a functional or geographical basis;
- 'data concerning health' means personal data related to the physical or mental health of a natural person, including the provision of health care services, which reveal information about his or her health status.

For information on categories of data and their assigned definition, please refer to Appendix 2b - Categories of data/information.

#### 3.3 Information Quality

Our records are evidence of our activities: they may be required for litigation, governance, external audits, statutory enquiries, patient care and as a basis for decision making. Our records need to be:

- complete (in terms of having been captured in full)
- accurate (factually correct, legibly and assured as to the integrity of the record)
- relevant (the degree to which the data meets current and potential user's needs)
- ✓ accessible (available when needed)
- timely (recorded and available as soon after the event as possible) alterations or annotations (must be clearly identifiable, traceable to the author and authorised by an appropriate Senior Manager).

Department/Process managers shall also be clear on what records are required to sufficiently document business activities and ensure that staff capture them following policy and procedure.

#### 3.4 Manual / Paper Records

In keeping with wider NHS agenda (NHS England Five Year Forward Plan), we shall endeavour to maintain records electronically where practicable. Original electronic records will be considered the 'primary version'. Printed copies of electronic records should be maintained only by exception and shall be appropriately destroyed at the earliest convenience.

Where it is practical to do so, we shall scan new or legacy paper records following our scanning guidance (this follows standard British Standard (BS) 10008 to protect legal admissibility of scanned paper records). In some cases, it might be desirable to hold original ink signed records. This is permissible, although scanning such documents is preferable so long as the scanned version is legally admissible.

Paper copies of records must be kept secure and should be stored in an appropriate locked filing cabinet, office or designated records store on site, or in an approved off-site storage facility, so they are available and accessible to those who need them.

#### 3.5 Records Inventory

We shall use the Information Asset Register's to monitor and understand what collections of records and information we hold and note each documents retention period. We shall work towards organising our records into a Records File Plan that lists our business activities, and the records that they create, in a systematic and organised way.

#### 3.6 Disposal Schedules and Legal Holds

We shall not retain all of our records indefinitely. Disposal is the process that leads to records being destroyed or transferred elsewhere. It includes a record of what happened so that we can clearly show that we do not have the information any longer.

Disposal of any records shall be *held* if they pertain to an existing / emerging legal matter or request for information – this is known as a Legal Hold. An inventory of the retained records and the reason for the extended period of retention must be maintained.

Our records shall be retained and disposed of following agreed disposal schedules and procedures that are based on the Records Management Code of Practice 2021 and business needs. Disposal shall always be carried out following confidentiality and sensitivity requirements. The BOB ICB should not retain records of legacy NHS organisations except in exceptional circumstances and where director approval has been obtained.

Unilateral disposal of records, particularly if done contrary to disposal schedules or legal holds, is a serious breach of policy.

#### 3.7 Accredited File Shares

Our electronic records shall be saved to our approved and governed file share and shall include sub-folders that assist with disposal management.

Where records contain person identifiable data and special categories of personal data that are considered as personal confidential data or hold commercially confidential information, it is a legal requirement that such data is stored securely. You must ensure such data is stored within the Secure drive and have the correct protective marker applied – please refer to the section 3.9 Security and Access.

As a rule, original electronic records shall not be saved to 'offline' storage such as non-networked computer hard drives, USBs or optical media. In some circumstances e.g. anticipated limited network connection, staff may need to save copies of records to **encrypted** devices such as a USB memory stick. This should only be in exceptional circumstances and **only if authorised by the Senior Information Risk Officer (SIRO)**. Any new records / versions should be saved to the approved storage location as soon as possible and subsequently deleted from the storage device.

#### 3.8 Naming Electronic Documents

Record naming is an important process in records management, and it is essential that a unified approach is undertaken within all areas of the BOB ICBs to aid in the management of records.

In constructing a title, it is necessary to decide how best to describe the content of the file or the individual document. The most used elements in the creation of a title are listed below. It will depend on the nature of the document or folder which elements will be the most suitable for use in the title.

Common elements of a title:

- Directorate name
- Date (if applicable)
- Subject

- Document status
- Version number

Staff members should refrain from naming folders or files with their own name unless the folder or file contains records that are biographical in nature about that individual, for example, personnel records.

#### 3.9 Security and Access

Classification of NHS Information - Marking Guidance from NHS England ALL information the BOB ICB collects, stores, processes, generates or shares to deliver services and conduct business has intrinsic value and requires an appropriate degree of protection.

EVERYONE who works within the BOB ICB (including staff, contractors, and service providers) has a duty of confidentiality and a responsibility to safeguard any BOB ICB information or data that they access, irrespective of whether it is marked or not.

Please refer to Appendix 2: Protective Marking Scheme for further information.

#### 3.10 Line of business systems / databases

Many of our records are held within databases. These may be in the form of uploaded documents e.g. a PDF or email, or as data streams, e-transactions and system actions. This policy applies to these records. System owners and project managers shall consider the requirements of this policy when implementing, procuring, or using databases.

Electronic records that are uploaded to databases, e.g. an email into Datix, should be deleted from local systems, e.g. Inbox or File Share. It is bad practice to duplicate information across systems.

#### 3.11 Data Backups

All our data including electronic records are 'backed-up' to offline storage in accordance with the relevant Business Continuity & Framework Policy. It is vital that 'rescued' records are complete copies and are not changed in any way, this includes embedded metadata e.g. date created, data last modified.

Backups are within scope of statutory access to information requests and legal disclosure. Records deleted from user front-end storage, e.g. file shares, shall also be deleted from the back-up and shadow copies. Current back-up policy is that any iteration of electronic data is backed-up for one year before being overwritten / deleted. In short, records that have been deleted from front-end systems within the last year may still be available in the back-up.

#### 3.12 New Technologies – Cloud and Collaboration / Sharing

The use of new technologies to improve working practices, process monitoring,

and collaboration is becoming increasingly popular. These are characterised by services such as cloud storage and collaboration spaces being held outside of traditional on-site technology infrastructure.

The requirements of this policy shall apply to such technology because they are handling our information and records. Assurances must be in place to ensure that data retention schedules are met, and data is fully deleted, to include back-up copies and 'other' structures that may refer to or directly reference the data, for example, a document index.

#### 3.13 Email Records / Electronic Communication

Email is a key communication tool. The email service is designed as a communication tool and is not an appropriate solution for long term file storage. Therefore, all emails that are records of business activity and/or formal record of a transaction should be saved to an appropriately named folder on shared network drive. Keeping all emails will result in a significant storage burden to your organisation and information may become difficult to locate due to the size of files and attachments being stored.

NHS Mailboxes and Mailbox Archives should not be used for the long-term storage of email records.

Particular attention must be paid to ensuring that emails relating to patients (clinical records) are dealt with promptly and where appropriate, deleted once the pertinent information has been transferred to the relevant record.

Staff shall regularly housekeep their Mailboxes so that transitory and spam type emails are disposed of. Other forms of electronic communication such as Instant Messaging, voice recording, and video conferencing will likely become more commonplace. These 'recordings', if retained, shall be managed under this policy.

#### 3.14 Long Term Access and Protection – Record Preservation

We shall take steps to ensure that our records remain accessible and are not damaged during their retention; for some records this could be many decades. Such lengths of time require preservation management.

Our records shall be protected from unauthorised access and natural risks such as flooding and fire. A risk assessment of all storage solutions (on or off-site) must be undertaken to ensure the area meets the required structural and environmental standards, for example, IGTK standard – 14-301. Electronic records are at a particular risk of digital obsolescence and degradation of media.

We shall undertake precautions to ensure the long term accessibility of electronic content including: using ubiquitous and open formats e.g. PDF, DOCx; regular refreshing and error-checking of storage media; maintaining all records on networked and backed-up drives and assessing the digital preservation risks of any new system. Removable media storage e.g. CDs / USBs; should only be

used in exceptional circumstances and only if authorised by the Senior Information Risk Officer (SIRO).

#### 4. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

| Position or group                           | Description of Records Management Responsibility  |
|---|---|
| Accountable Officer                         | Accountable for the proper and compliant conduct of records management across the organisation.   |
| Caldicott<br>Guardian and<br>Executive Team | The Caldicott Guardian is Responsible for protecting the confidentiality of patient and service-user information and enabling appropriate information sharing. They will support work to enable information sharing where it is appropriate to share and advise on possible choices for meeting compliance when processing information.  Executive Team cascade requirements of the policy to respective departments and support its implementation.  |
| Data Protection<br>Officer                  | The Data Protection Officer (DPO) is the person within the BOB ICB identified to support the role of the Data Protection Officer (DPO) in NHS England for the BOB ICB. This role has the responsibilities as set out in the UK GDPR guidance as delegated duties from the DPO and is responsible to feedback any Information Governance issues to the BOB ICB Executive Management Team and the DPO at NHS England. The DPO will ensure that where an incident is likely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of Data Subjects the ICO (Information Commissioner's Office) is informed no later than 72 hours after the organisation becomes aware of the incident. They will also be part of the Data Protection Impact Assessment process on behalf of the BOB ICB. |
| Senior<br>Information Risk<br>Owner (SIRO)  | Take ownership of the organisation's information risk policy. Acts as advocate for information risk on the board. Drive culture change with regard to information risks in a realistic and effective manner. Is advised and supported by the Information Governance Steering Group (IGSG).  |
| OICB Records<br>Manager                     | Day-to-day operational management of the records management programme and framework. Drafting policy and procedures. Conducting audits. Supporting and training staff. Providing records management services to customers.  |
| Information Asset<br>Owners (IAO)           | The SIRO is supported by Information Asset Owners (IAOs). The role of the IAO is to understand what information is held, what is added and what is removed, who has access and why in their own area. As a result, they are able to understand and address risks to the information assets they 'own' and to provide assurance to the SIRO on the security and use of the assets. The Information Governance Team will support the IAOs in fulfilling their role.   |

| Directorate /<br>Process<br>managers | Ensure records produced by their respective activities are identified and captured following policy. Ensure that staff have attended required record keeping training. Work with local IG and records roles.  |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| All staff                            | All staff, and those working on behalf of the organisation, are expected to follow this policy and its procedures. All staff who create and use records as part of the delivery of OICB business. This covers records in all formats (paper and electronic), both active and inactive |

#### 5. TRAINING

The BOB ICBs will ensure all staff receive annual Information Governance training appropriate to their role through the online E-Learning for Health training. Further information is available through the Training Requirements Policy.

### 6. PUBLIC SECTOR EQUALITY DUTY- EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

The BOB ICB's aim to design and implement services, policies and measures that are fair and equitable. An equality analysis has been completed for this policy and no adverse impact was identified.

Should any adverse impact on equality be subsequently detected or highlighted by staff and other users of the policy then this will be analysed, and remedial action taken as appropriate.

#### 7. MONITORING COMPLIANCE AND EFFECTIVENESS

This policy will be monitored by the Information Governance Steering Group to ensure any legislative changes that occur before the review date are incorporated.

Our performance in records management compliance shall be audited following a scheduled plan using a defined audit methodology. Information Asset Owners will have direct responsibility for ensuring their information practices are audited with support from the Records Manager and Information Governance team. Where non-compliance or improvements could be made then these shall be agreed with process owners / managers and subsequently followed up.

This policy, along with its supporting procedures, shall be reviewed no later than two years after approval or earlier should there be significant changes to the regulatory environment or organisation.

Failure to comply with this policy may result in ineffective working and an inability to meet the requirements of the Freedom of Information and the UK General Data Protection Regulations 2018. Where the policy is breached, this must be

reported via the local incident reporting processes and the relevant Data Protection Officer and Caldicott Guardian informed, if required.

#### 8. REVIEW

In compliance with Data Security and Protection Toolkit requirements, this policy will be reviewed bi-annually. The policy review will take into account comments received from NHS South, Central and West Commissioning Support Unit, Information Governance Steering Group and will be viewed by the Senior Information Risk Owners, Caldicott Guardians, Data Protection Officers and Governance Managers.

**Appendix 1: Key Records Management Requirements** 

| Legislation / Standard | Compliance Requirement  |
|------------------------|---|
| Public Records Act     | All NHS records are Public Records. All NHS organisations       |
| 1958                   | must make arrangements for the safe keeping and disposal        |
|                        | of their information and records. Recent changes have           |
|                        | reduced the 30 year public records disposal rule to 20 years.   |
| Freedom of Information | Provisions for disclosure of information held by public         |
| Act 2000 including     | authorities.  |
| Section 46 Code of     | Includes a Records Management Code of Practice to               |
| Practice for Records   | support the Act which gives guidance on good practice in        |
| Management.            | records management. It applies to all authorities subject to    |
|                        | the Act, to the Public Records Act 1958 or to the Public        |
|                        | Records Act (Northern Ireland) 1923.                            |
| UK General Data        | Regulates the processing of personal data relating to living    |
| Protection Regulations | persons. Article 5 of the UK GDPR requires that personal        |
| 2018                   | data shall be:  |
|                        |   |
|                        | a) processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in    |
|                        | relation to individuals;  |
|                        | b) collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes    |
|                        | and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible      |
|                        | with those purposes; further processing for archiving           |
|                        | purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical       |
|                        | research purposes or statistical purposes shall not be          |
|                        | considered to be incompatible with the initial purposes;        |
|                        | c) adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in       |
|                        | relation to the purposes for which they are processed;          |
|                        | d) accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date; every        |
|                        | reasonable step must be taken to ensure that personal data      |
|                        | that are inaccurate, having regard to the purposes for which    |
|                        | they are processed, are erased or rectified without delay;      |
|                        | e) kept in a form which permits identification of data subjects |
|                        | for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which      |
|                        | the personal data are processed; personal data may be           |
|                        | stored for longer periods insofar as the personal data will be  |
|                        | processed solely for archiving purposes in the public           |
|                        | interest, scientific or historical research purposes or         |
|                        | statistical purposes subject to implementation of the           |
|                        | appropriate technical and organisational measures required      |
|                        | by the UK GDPR in order to safeguard the rights and             |
|                        | freedoms of individuals; and                                    |
|                        | f) processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security      |
|                        | of the personal data, including protection against              |
|                        | unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental      |
|                        | loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or     |
|                        | organisational measures."                                       |
|                        | gaca  |
|                        |   |
|                        |   |
|                        |   |

| Data Protection Act<br>2018 (DPA 2018)      | The Data Protection Act 2018 replaces the Data Protection Act 1998 and legislates to an equivalent to the UK GDPR but includes national derogations not covered by the UK GDPR. The DPA 2018 should be read in conjunction with the UK GDPR.  |
|---|---|
| Access to Health<br>Records Act 1990        | Regulates access to the records of a deceased person.   |
| Records Management<br>Code of Practice 2026 | The guidelines in this Code apply to NHS records, including records of NHS patients treated on behalf of the NHS in the private healthcare sector and public health records, regardless of the media on which they are held. The code includes records of staff, complaints, corporate records and any other records held in any format or media. |

#### **Appendix 2a: Protective Marking Scheme**

Classification of NHS Information - Marking Guidance from NHS England The new Government Security Classifications levels are;

#### **OFFICIAL**

Definition – ALL routine public sector business, operations and services should be treated as OFFICIAL. OICB will operate exclusively at this level including the subset categories of OFFICIAL-SENSITIVE: COMMERCIAL and OFFICIAL–SENSITIVE:

PERSONAL where applicable. See Table 1 for examples.

#### **SECRET**

Definition – Very sensitive government (or partners) information that requires protection against the highly capable threats, such as well-resourced and determined threat actors and highly serious organised crime groups.

#### **TOP SECRET**

Definition – Exceptionally sensitive Government (or partners) information assets that directly support (or threaten) the national security of the UK or allies and requires extremely high assurance or protection against highly bespoke and targeted attacks.

Please note there is no need to apply the new classification procedure retrospectively.

This simplified procedure will make it easier and more efficient for information to be handled and protected. The new procedure places greater emphasis on individuals taking personal responsibility for data they handle.

All information used by OICB is by definition 'OFFICIAL.' It is highly unlikely OICB will work with 'SECRET' or 'TOP SECRET' information.

Things to remember about OFFICIAL information:

- 1. Ordinarily OFFICIAL information does not need to be marked for non-confidential information.
- 2. A limited subset of OFFICIAL information could have more damaging consequences if it were accessed by individuals by accident or on purpose, lost, stolen or published in the media. This subset of information should still be managed within the OFFICIAL classification tier, but should have additional measures applied in the form of OFFICIAL-SENSITIVE.
- 3. This marking is necessary for person-identifiable information and commercially sensitive information and is applicable to paper and electronic records.
- 4. In additional to the marking of OFFICIAL-SENSITIVE further detail is required due to the content of the document or record, i.e.:

#### OFFICIAL - SENSITIVE: COMMERCIAL

Definition - Commercial information, including that subject to statutory or regulatory obligations, which may be damaging to OICB or a commercial partner if improperly accessed.

Or

#### OFFICIAL - SENSITIVE: PERSONAL

Definition - Personal information relating to an identifiable individual where inappropriate access could have damaging consequences.

Such documents/records should be marked with the caveat 'OFFICIAL-SENSITIVE: COMMERICAL or SENSITIVE' in capitals at the **top and bottom** of the page.

In unusual circumstances OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE information may contain both Personal and Commercial data, in such cases the descriptor OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE will suffice.

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| the time parties. Contact the Corporate iG team for furth  | ,                   |
| The use of pin code for secure printing is both widely ava   |                     |
| way to manage the printing process   | mane and preferable |
| way to manage the printing process   |                     |

There is no need to apply the new classification procedure retrospectively.

Our Accredited File Shares shall include protected folders and permission protocols where OFFICIAL-SENSITIVE: COMMERCIAL and OFFICIAL-SENSITIVE:PERSONAL information is held. Access to OFFICIAL-

SENSITIVE: COMMERCIAL and OFFICIAL—SENSITIVE: PERSONAL paper files should be restricted and monitored thus ensuring adequate security measures are in place. NB: All paper records must be tracked to ensure their exact location is known at all times.

Access restrictions to records shall be proportionate. Wherever possible, records and information should be available to all staff to aid information sharing and reduce duplication and data volumes. Although clinical records must be kept secure on a need-to-know basis, this does not mean that they cannot be made available in a timely fashion to those who justifiably need access.

Example descriptors that may be used with OFFICIAL SENSITIVE: COMMERCIAL

| OR OFFICIAL-SENSITIVE: PERSONAL and respective category of data/information as detailed in Appendix 2b. |   |                                       |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| Category /data type   | d in Appendix 2b.  Definition   | Marking                               |
| Appointments (Commercially confidential information)  | Concerning actual or potential appointments not yet announced   | OFFICIAL-<br>SENSITIVE:<br>COMMERCIAL |
| Barred<br>(Personal<br>Confidential<br>Data)  | Where there is a statutory (Act of Parliament or European Law) prohibition on disclosure, or disclosure would constitute a contempt of Court (information the subject of a court order)       | OFFICIAL-<br>SENSITIVE:<br>COMMERCIAL |
| Board<br>(Commercially<br>Confidential Data)  | Documents for consideration by an organisation's Board of Directors, initially, in private (Note: This category is not appropriate to a document that could be categorised in some other way) | OFFICIAL-<br>SENSITIVE:<br>COMMERCIAL |
| Commercial<br>(Commercially<br>Confidential Information)  | Where disclosure would<br>be likely to damage a<br>(third party) commercial<br>undertaking's processes<br>or<br>affairs   | OFFICIAL-<br>SENSITIVE:<br>COMMERCIAL |
| Contracts (Commercially Confidential Information)   | Concerning tenders under consideration and the terms of tenders accepted  | OFFICIAL-<br>SENSITIVE:<br>COMMERCIAL |
| For Publication<br>(Commercially<br>Confidential Information)   | Where it is planned that the information in the completed document will be published at a future (even if not yet determined) date  | OFFICIAL-<br>SENSITIVE:<br>COMMERCIAL |

| Management(<br>Commercially<br>Confidential<br>Information)   | Concerning policy and planning affecting the interests of groups of staff (Note: Likely to be exempt only in respect of some health and safety issues) | OFFICIAL-<br>SENSITIVE:<br>COMMERCIAL |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| Patient Information (to include Personal Confidential Data, Personal Data and 'Special Categories' of Personal Data)  | Concerning identifiable information about patients   | OFFICIAL-<br>SENSITIVE:<br>PERSONAL   |
| Personal (to include<br>Personal Confidential<br>Data,<br>Personal Data and<br>'Special<br>Categories' of             | Concerning matters personal to the sender and/or recipient   | OFFICIAL-<br>SENSITIVE:<br>PERSONAL   |
| Personal Data)  |  |                                       |
| Policy ( Commercially Confidential Information)   | Issues of approach or direction on which the organisation needs to take a decision (often information that will later be published)                    | OFFICIAL-<br>SENSITIVE:<br>COMMERCIAL |
| Proceedings ( Commercially Confidential Information)  | Corporate information is (or may become) the subject of, or concerned in a legal action or investigation.  | OFFICIAL-<br>SENSITIVE:<br>COMMERCIAL |
| Staff (to include Personal<br>Confidential Data,<br>Personal Data and<br>'Special Categories' of<br>Personal<br>Data) | Concerning identifiable information about staff to include investigations, disciplinary hearings and grievances.                                       | OFFICIAL-<br>SENSITIVE:<br>PERSONAL   |

#### Appendix 2b - Categories of data/information.

| Please note that the categories of data/information listed below, will be used or |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| referred to in all OICB Polices. The purpose of this approach is to ensure a      |   |  |
| consistent approach is adopted.   |   |  |
| Personal  | Any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural   |  |
| Data (derived   | person ('data subject'); an identifiable natural person is one who  |  |
| from  | can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference   |  |
| the UK GDPR)  | to an identifier such as a name, an identification number,  |  |
|   | location data, an online identifier or to one or more factors   |  |
|   | specific to the physical, physiological, genetic, mental,   |  |
|   | economic, cultural or social identity of that natural person  |  |
| 'Special  | 'Special Categories' of Personal Data is different from   |  |
| Categories'   | Personal Data and consists of information relating to:  |  |
| of Personal   | (a) The racial or ethnic origin of the data subject   |  |
| Data (derived   | (b) Their political opinions  |  |
| from  | (c) Their religious beliefs or other beliefs of a similar nature  |  |
| the UK GDPR)  | (d) Whether a member of a trade union (within the   |  |
|   | meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations   |  |
|   | (Consolidation) Act 1998  |  |
|   | (e) Genetic data  |  |
|   | (f) Biometric data for the purpose of uniquely  |  |
|   | identifying a natural person  |  |
|   | (g) Their physical or mental health or condition (h) Their sexual life  |  |
| Personal  | Personal and Special Categories of Personal Data owed a   |  |
| Confidential  | duty of confidentiality (under the common law). This term   |  |
| Data  | describes personal information about identified or identifiable   |  |
|   | individuals, which should be kept private or secret. The  |  |
|   | definition includes dead as well as living people and   |  |
|   | 'confidential' includes information 'given in confidence' and   |  |
|   | 'that which is owed a duty of confidence'. The term is used in<br>the Caldicott 2 Review: Information: to share or not to share |  |
|   | (published  |  |
|   | March 2013).  |  |
| Commercially  | Business/Commercial information, including that subject to  |  |
| confidential  | statutory or regulatory obligations, which may be damaging to   |  |
| Information   | the BOB ICBs or a commercial partner if improperly accessed   |  |
|   | or shared. Also as defined  |  |
|   | in the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and the Environmental Information Regulations.   |  |
|   | Environmental information regulations.  |  |

# Appendix 3a Retention Schedule Detailed guidance can be found : Records Management Code of Practice 2021

| Type of Record   | Minimum Retention Period   | Action   |
|--|--|--|
| MEDICAL RECORDS  |  |  |
| Audit Trails (Electronic Health Records)   | NHS organisations are advised to retain all audit trails until further notice.   | Destroy under confidential conditions  |
| Controlled Drug Documentation Prescriptions                                      | 2 yrs  | Destroy under confidential conditions  |
| Diaries – health visitors,<br>district nurses and Allied<br>Health Professionals | 2 years after end of year to which diary relates. Patient specific information should be transferred to the patient record. Any notes made in the diary as an 'aide memoire' must also be transferred to the patient record as soon as possible. | Destroy under confidential conditions  |
| Health visitor records   | 10 years. Records relating to children should be retained until their 25th birthday  | Destroy under confidential conditions  |
| Serious untoward incident' records   | 20 yrs.  | Contact the OICB Records  Manager for advice   |
| Occupational health records (staff)  | Keep until 75th birthday or 6 years after the staff member leaves whichever is sooner  | Destroy under confidential conditions  |
| External quality control records   | 2 yrs.   |  |
| Standard operating procedures (current and old)                                  | Life of organisation plus 6 years  | Retention begins from when<br>the document is approved,<br>until<br>superseded. If the retention<br>period<br>reaches 20 years from the<br>date of |

|   |  | approval, then consider transfer to PoD.  |
|---|--|---|
| Records of destruction of individual health records (case notes) and other health-related records | 20 years   | Contact the OICB Records Manager for advice Destruction certificates created by public bodies are not covered by a retention instrument (if they do not relate to patient care and if a PoD or The National Archives do not accession them). They need to be destroyed after 20 years |
| Referral letters (for patients who are treated by the organisation to which they were referred)   | Referral letters should be filed in the patient/client service user's health record, which contains the record of treatment and/or care received for the condition for which the referral was made. This will ensure that the patient record is a complete record. These records should then be retained for the period of time appropriate to the patient/specialty, eg children's records should be retained as per the retention period for the records of children and young people; mentally disordered persons (within the meaning of the Mental Health Act 1983) 20 years after the last entry in the record or 8 years after the patient's death if patient died while in the care of the organisation | Destroy under confidential conditions   |
| Safeguarding Vulnerable persons   | Where a patient/client/service user is transferred from the care of one NHS or social care organisation to another,  | Destroy under confidential conditions   |

| all relevant information must be transferred to the patients'         |  |
|---|--|
| health or social care record<br>held at the receiving<br>organisation |  |

### Appendix 3b Retention Schedule

| Type of Record              | Minimum Retention Period              | Action                 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| ADMINISTRATIVE              |                                       |                        |
| (CORPORATE RECORDS)         |                                       |                        |
|                             |                                       |                        |
| Accident forms (litigation) | 10 yrs.                               | Destroy confidentially |
| Accident register (RIDDOR)  | 10 yrs.                               | Destroy confidentially |
| Adoption records            | 75 yrs. From date of birth            | Destroy confidentially |
|                             | 15 yrs. If the child dies             |                        |
|                             | before the age of 18 yrs.             |                        |
|                             | (15 yrs. Is applied from the          |                        |
|                             | 18 <sup>th</sup> birthday regardless) |                        |
| Advance letters             | 6 yrs.                                | Destroy confidentially |
| Agendas of board            | Up to 20 yrs.                         | Destroy confidentially |
| meetings, committees        |                                       |                        |
| major (master copies to     |                                       |                        |
| include associated papers)  |                                       |                        |
| Agendas                     | 2 yrs.                                | Destroy confidentially |
| Annual corporate reports    | 3 yrs.                                | Destroy confidentially |
| Appointment records GP      | 2 yrs.                                | Destroy confidentially |
| Assembly/Parliamentary      | 10 yrs.                               | Destroy confidentially |
| questions, MP enquiries     |                                       |                        |
| Audit records               | 2 yrs.                                | Destroy confidentially |
| Business plans              | 20 yrs.                               | Destroy confidentially |
| Catering forms              | 6 yrs.                                | Destroy confidentially |
| TV images                   | 31 yrs.                               | Destroy confidentially |
| Commissioning               | 6 yrs.                                | Destroy confidentially |
| decisions/Appeal            |                                       |                        |
| documentation/Decision      |                                       |                        |
| documentation               |                                       |                        |
| Complaints                  | 10 yrs.                               | Destroy confidentially |
| Copyright declaration       | 6 yrs.                                | Destroy confidentially |
| forms                       |                                       |                        |
| Data Input forms            | 2 yrs.                                | Destroy confidentially |
| (computerised)              |                                       |                        |
| Diaries                     | 2 years                               | Destroy confidentially |
| Flexible working hours      | 6 months                              | Destroy confidentially |

| Erandam of Information   2 yrs Datastian basins   Dastrey confident       | ناایر |
|---|-------|
| Freedom of Information 3 yrs. Retention begins Destroy confident from the | ially |
| CLOSURE of the FOI  |       |
| request.  |       |
| Where redactions have   |       |
| been  |       |
| made, it is important to  |       |
| keep a  |       |
| copy of the response and  |       |
| send to   |       |
| the requestor. In all cases, a log  |       |
| must be kept of requests  |       |
| and the   |       |
| response sent.  |       |
| Health & Safety Information3 yrs.Destroy confident                        | ially |
|   |       |
| History of organisation 30 yrs.   |       |
| (establishment order)   |       |
| Incident forms 10 yrs. Destroy confident                                  |       |
| Litigation documents         10 yrs.         Destroy confident            |       |
| Policies Life organisation plus 6 Destroy confident                       | ially |
| yrs. (or when superseded)   |       |
| Maps Lifetime   |       |
| Meetings/Minutes not major2 yrs.Destroy confident                         |       |
| Patient Advice & Liaison 10 yrs. Destroy confident                        | ially |
| Service (PALS)  |       |
| Mortgage documents 6 yrs. Destroy confident                               | ially |
| Paper of minor importance2 yrs.Destroy confident                          | ially |
| Patient Information leaflets 6 yrs. Destroy confident                     | ially |
| Patient surveys2 yrs.Destroy confident                                    |       |
| Phone message books2 yrs.Destroy confident                                |       |
| Press cuttings1 yearDestroy confident                                     |       |
| Press releases6 years.Destroy confident                                   |       |
| Project files (over £100 000) 6 yrs. Destroy confident                    | ially |
| to include termination,   |       |
| abandoned, deferred   |       |
| Project files (under £100 2 yrs. Destroy confident                        | ially |
| 000)  |       |
| Project files team3 yrs.Destroy confident                                 |       |
| Public consultations5 yrs.Destroy confident                               |       |
| Quality outcomes2 yrs.Destroy confident                                   | ially |
| framework (QOF)   |       |
| Receipts 2 yrs. Destroy confident   | ially |
| registered/recorded mail  |       |

| Quality assurance records    | 12 yrs.                     | Destroy confidentially      |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| e.g. (healthcare commission, | 12 yis.                     | Destroy confidentially      |
| audit commission, Investors  |                             |                             |
| in people)                   |                             |                             |
|                              | 20 vro                      |                             |
| Reports major                | 30 yrs.                     | Destroy, confidentially     |
| Requisitions                 | 2 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| Research ethics committee    | 3 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| records                      | 20                          |                             |
| Serious incident files       | 30 yrs.                     | Destruction of destructions |
| Equipment specifications     | 6 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| Statistics                   | 3 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| Subject access requests      | 3 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| Time sheets                  | 6 months                    | Destroy confidentially      |
| ESTATES/ENGINEERING          |                             |                             |
| Buildings and engineering    | 30 yrs.                     |                             |
| works to include major       |                             |                             |
| projects                     |                             |                             |
| Deeds of title               | Retain while organisation   |                             |
|                              | has title ship              |                             |
| Inventories furniture/fixed  | 5 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| equipment                    |                             |                             |
| Land surveys                 | 30 yrs.                     |                             |
| Leases                       | 12 yrs.                     | Destroy confidentially      |
| Maintenance contracts        | 6 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| Manuals                      | Lifetime                    |                             |
| Photographs of buildings     | 30 yrs.                     |                             |
| FINANCIAL                    |                             |                             |
| Accounts annual (final one   | 30 yrs.                     |                             |
| set)                         |                             |                             |
| Accounts minor               | 2 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| Accounts working paper       | 3 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| Advice notes                 | 2 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| Bank statements              | 2 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| Bank automated clearing      | 6 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| system (BACS)                |                             |                             |
| Bills/receipts/cleared       | 6 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| cheques                      |                             |                             |
| Budgets                      | 2 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| Cash books/Sheets            | 6 yrs.                      | Destroy confidentially      |
| Contracts financial          | 15 yrs. Retain for 15 years | Destroy confidentially      |
|                              | after the end of the        |                             |
| Contracts over the           | contract.                   | Dootson confidential        |
| Contracts supplier           | 11 yrs.                     | Destroy confidentially      |

| 0                         | Datain fan Consans aften the   | Destruction of destining    |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Contracts non sealed      | Retain for 6 years after the end of the contract.                            | Destroy confidentially      |
| Debtors records           | 2 yrs.   | Destroy confidentially      |
| Debtors records uncleared | 6 yrs.   | Destroy confidentially      |
| Demand notes              | 6 yrs.   | Destroy confidentially      |
| Excess fares              | 2 yrs.   | Destroy confidentially      |
| Expense claims to include | 6 yrs.   | Destroy confidentially      |
| travel                    |  |                             |
| Fraud cases               | 6 yrs.   | Destroy confidentially      |
| Funding data              | 6 yrs.   | Destroy confidentially      |
| Invoices                  | 6 years from<br>end of the<br>financial year<br>they relate to               | Destroy confidentially      |
| Payroll                   | 6 yrs.   | Destroy confidentially      |
| Tax forms                 | 6 yrs.   | Destroy confidentially      |
| VAT                       | 6 yrs.   | Destroy confidentially      |
| Wages/Salaries            | 10 yrs.  | Destroy confidentially      |
| IM & T                    |  |                             |
| Computer                  | Lifetime   |                             |
| programmes/software       |  |                             |
| licences                  |  |                             |
| OTHER                     |  |                             |
| Contractor Applications   | 6 years after end of   | Destroy confidentially      |
| (Doctors, Dentists,       | contract for approvals6  |                             |
| Opticians & Pharmacists)  | years for non-approvals  |                             |
| Contractor Records        | 7 years  | Destroy confidentially      |
| PERSONNEL/HR              |  |                             |
| Consultants records re    | 5 yrs.   | Destroy confidentially      |
| recruitment               |  |                             |
| CVs non-executive         | 5 yrs.   | Destroy confidentially      |
| directors – successful    |  |                             |
| Duty roasters             | 4 yrs.   | Destroy confidentially      |
| Industrial relations (not | 10 yrs.  | Destroy confidentially      |
| routine staff matters)    |  |                             |
| Job adverts               | 1 year   | Destroy confidentially      |
| Job applications          | 3 yrs. After termination   | Destroy confidentially      |
| successful                |  |                             |
| Job applications          | 1 year   | Destroy confidentially      |
| unsuccessful              |  |                             |
| Job descriptions          | 3 yrs.   | Destroy confidentially      |
| Leavers                   | 6 yrs. After individual has left and summary up to 75 <sup>th</sup> birthday | Destroy confidentially      |
|                           |  | Page <b>28</b> of <b>27</b> |

| Letters of appointment     | 6 years after employment                  | Destroy confidentially   |
|----------------------------|---|--------------------------|
|                            | has terminated or until                   | ,                        |
|                            | 70th birthday, whichever is               |                          |
|                            | later                                     |                          |
| Pension forms              | 7 yrs.                                    | Destroy confidentially   |
| Personnel HR Records       | 6 years after individual                  | Contact the OICB Records |
|                            | leaves service, at which                  | Manager for advice       |
|                            | time a summary of the file                |                          |
|                            | must be kept until the                    |                          |
|                            | individual's 70th birthday.               |                          |
|                            | Summary to be retained                    |                          |
|                            | until individual's 70th                   |                          |
|                            | birthday or until 6 years                 |                          |
|                            | after cessation of                        |                          |
|                            | employment if aged over                   |                          |
|                            | 70 years at the time. The                 |                          |
|                            | summary should contain                    |                          |
|                            | everything except                         |                          |
|                            | attendance books, annual                  |                          |
|                            | leave records, duty rosters, clock cards, |                          |
|                            | timesheets, study leave                   |                          |
|                            | applications, training plans              |                          |
| Car parking permits        | 3 yrs.                                    | Destroy confidentially   |
| Study leave applications   | 5 yrs.                                    | Destroy confidentially   |
| Timesheets/Training/annual | 2 yrs.                                    | Destroy confidentially   |
| leave                      | 2 yis.                                    | Destroy confidentially   |
| PURCHASING AND             |   |                          |
| SUPPLIES                   |   |                          |
| Delivery notes             | 2 yrs. After end of financial             | Destroy confidentially   |
|                            | year to which they relate.                |                          |
| Supplies records (ITT,     | 18 months                                 | Destroy confidentially   |
| equipment, stationery and  |   |                          |
| other supplies)            |   |                          |
| Tenders                    | 6 yrs. Retain for 6 years                 | Destroy confidentially   |
| successful/unsuccessful    | after                                     |                          |
|                            | the end of the contract                   |                          |